

The European Coordination Hub for Open Robotics Development

5th Review Meeting – WP 5 PDTI (Public end-user Driven Technological Innovation)

Prof. Alberto Sanfeliu

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- Urban robotics as a new area to solve Cities' Challenges
- The PDTI methodology has improved the PCP procedure
- Understanding robotics challenges for sewer inspection
- Two robotic inspection solutions has been designed and tested in real life environments in the Barcelona sewer network arriving to precommercial, TRL 7-8
- The operational inspection procedure and the inspection functionalities has been tested in five different locations of the Barcelona sewer network
- Large dissemination of the PDTI outcomes

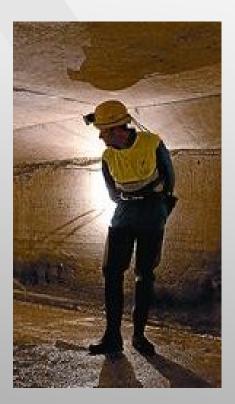


Urban robotics as a new area to solve Cities' Challenges

AREA	Location	Cities Challenges
INFRASTRUCTURES	HELSINKI	Traffic infrastructure inspection and maintenance.
INFRASTRUCTURES	BARCELONA	Automatic detection and road surface damage warnings.
INFRASTRUCTURES	CORNELLA	Improving waste management and street cleaning.
INFRASTRUCTURES	BARCELONA	Utilities infrastructures condition monitoring.

TIC AND TOURISM	GREENWICH	Improving tourist services at the city.
TIC AND PLANNING	SEVILLA	Improving the management, planning and urban city observations.
TIC AND MOBILITY	SEVILLA	Planning and information of urban accessible routes.
TIC AND ENVIRONMENT	MALAGA	Environmental monitoring and control.
TIC AND SURVEILLANCE	PADOVA	Providing safe and secure environments for citizens.
TIC AND MOBILITY	VALENCIA	Improving the management, planning and urban city observations.

PEDESTRIAN AREAS TECH	BARCELONA	Personalised mobility support for pedestrian areas.
PEDESTRIAN AREAS TECH	SITGES	Providing safe and secure environments for citizens.
PEDESTRIAN AREAS TECH	BARCELONA	Goods distribution technology to improve local retail.
PEDESTRIAN AREAS TECH	COIMBRA	Personalised mobility support for pedestrian areas.





The PDTI methodology has improved the PCP procedure

PRODUCT INNOVATION LIFE CYCLE							
PD	ITI						
	ACTIVITIES FOR RESEARCH						
ACTIVITIES FOR UNDERSTANDING	AND TECHNICAL	PUBLIC PROCUREMENT FOR					
PUBLIC DEMAND	DEVELOPMENT OF PRE-	COMMERCIAL ROLL-OUT					
	COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS						
PHASE 0	РСР	PPI					

	PDTI								
ACTIVITIE	S FOR UNDEF	RSTANDING PU	BLIC DEMAND	FOR RTD POSALS	TECHNICA	IES FOR RESEARCH L DEVELOPMENT (MERCIAL PRODUC	OF PRE-		
BRAINST ORMING	NARROW ING DOWN	RANKING	CHALLENGE DESCRIPTION	CALL FO	SOLUTION DESIGN	PROTOTYPING	SMALL TEST SERIES		



Functionalities to be solved for sewer inspection by the robotic technology

FUNCTIONS	WEIGHT			
	Sewer perform (at least 1000 l	ance ineal meter/labour day)	Basic	
Sewer serviceability	Images (Video)	Images (Video)		
inspection	Geometric ana	Geometric analysis (scanning)		
	Manitaring	Air	Assessable	
	Monitoring	Water	Assessable	
Structural defect inspec	Assessable			

Robotic challenges: Mobility, Autonomy, Communications

MOBILITY TEST								
			COMMUNICATIONS TEST					
Description and conditions	Evaluation		Description and conditions	Evaluation		Description and conditions	Evaluation	
Robot motion: 100 meters (autonomously) The word autonomously is not the appropriate one in this test, since the robot can be tele-operated, but it has to move without the help of the human operator in case of falling down, recover and continue moving. Conditions: • The robot has to include the equivalent weight of the sensors and electronic drivers • One trial in straight line and another one with a 90° curve. • The trial will be done in Barcelona • The trial will be done at different illumination conditions: with illumination and complete darkness.	 The maximum and minimum speed will be evaluated. 60 minutes is the maximum time to cover 100 meters. The minimum speed is spec- ify by the precision to detect the defects, and has to be jus- tified in the deliverable. This minimum speed has to be used in the trials. Recovery test: The evalua- tors will place the robot in the ground of the sewer at different inclinations. The ro- bot has to recover from these positions. 		Send information (video and data) from one point to another at different distances (100m, 200m, 300m). The robot can be without movement to make the test. The robot should carry the same sensors used for mobility and autonomy tests. Conditions: Trials in straight line and curve specifying the maximum transmission speed (Baudrate). 100m straight line 200m straight line with one curve (90°). Radius 300m straight line with two curves (90° +90°). Radius	1 Communication bandwidth 2 Signal/Noise rate 3 Delay to send the information Note: The coordina- tors will provide to the Consortia the software that will be used for the evalua- tion.		 Demonstration that in 8 hours the robotic solution can arrive to 1 km away. The batteries can be charged or changed automatically or manually several times during the trial. Proposers have to specify the real autonomy and to indicate how the recharge will be done if it is the case. Conditions: The results of the above test will be extrapolated considering the energy consumption in each case, and the performance in 8 hours will be forecasted. The robot has to include the equivalent weight of the sensors and their electronic drivers The trial will be done at different illumination conditions: with illumination and complete darkness. 	The platforms should cover a distance of 400m with the equivalent weight of the sensors and electronic drivers and the velocity should be the adequate to perform the required in- spection functions. The en- ergy consumption could be measure. And the batteries could be changed "in situ".	



Two robotic inspection solutions has been designed and tested in real life environments in the Barcelona sewer network arriving to pre-commercial TRL 7-8

- SIAR prototype is very close to commercialization
- ARSI's software can be already sell as a stand alone solution
- Diverse components of both prototypes can be already commercialized





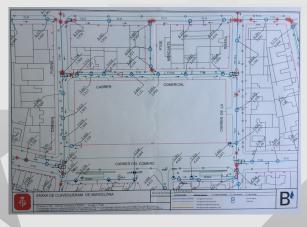








The operational inspection procedure and the inspection functionalities has been tested in five different locations of the Barcelona sewer network : Paseo Sant Joan / Mercat del Born / Plaza Virrey Amat / Avenida Pearson / Zona Forum



Mercat del Born













WP 5 – PDTI Urban. Dissemination

Continuous dissemination of the PDTI procedure

				PDTI			
ACTIVITIE	ES FOR UNDERS	STANDING PU	BLIC DEMAND	FOR RTD POSALS	TECHNICAI	ES FOR RESEARCH L DEVELOPMENT C MERCIAL PRODUCT	F PRE-
BRAINST ORMING	NARROW ING DOWN	RANKING	CHALLENGE DESCRIPTION	CALL FG PROP0	SOLUTION DESIGN	PROTOTYPING	SMALL TEST SERIES





WP 5 – PDTI Urban. Main Objectives Phase III

Main Objectives

- Test series to verify and improve the development of robotics in sewer inspection
- Improvement of the prototypes developed in Phase II to achieve TRL7-8 level (focus on autonomy, mobility and communications)
- Improvements in the inspection of serviceability, monitoring and the structural inspection of the sewer network.
- Improvements in operational procedure required during the inspection.
- Market research to identify scalability and transferability of the solution.



WP 5 – PDTI Urban. Main activities

PDTI Urban. 5th REPORTING PERIOD. December 15th, 2017 to December 14th, 2018 MAIN ACTIVITIES:

- Kick off Telco Phase III: December 19th, 2017
 Explanation of the monitoring process, evaluation criteria and deliverables required, the dissemination and communication activities offered by Echord++ and the actions proposed to improve marketability.
- 1st Monitoring Period: 15/12/2017-14/03/2018.
 09/03/2018. TELCO and report of the deliverables D26/28-9. Changes and Improvements based in phase II final evaluation.
- 2nd Monitoring Period: 15/03/2017- 14/06/2018. 19/04/2018. MARKETING WORKSHOP. External experts' evaluation and discussion of the marketing proposals. 19/06/2018. TEST of serviceability inspection at the sewer network. Complete operational procedure.



WP 5 – PDTI Urban. Main activities

PDTI Urban. 5th REPORTING PERIOD. December 15th, 2017 to December 14th, 2018

MAIN ACTIVITIES:

- 3rd Monitoring Period: 15/06/2018-14/09/2018.
 19/09/2018. TEST of structural inspection of the sewer network. Complete operational procedure.
 Deliverables D26/28-13. Tests and tests results.
- 4th Monitoring Period: 15/09/2018- 14/12/2018.
 13/12/2018 FINAL TESTS and EXPERT PANEL
 14/01/2019 MARKETING PANEL



WP 5 – PDTI Urban. Main activities

PDTI Urban. 5th REPORTING PERIOD. December 15th, 2017 to December 14th, 2018

STAKEHOLDERS INVOLVED:

END USERS-PUBLIC ENTITY BCASA TEAM J. Varela, MJ Chesa, L. Martinez and Brigades

TECHNOLOGICAL AND ROBOTICS CONSORTIA ARSI AND SIAR CONSORTIA

EXTERNAL EXPERTS. Robotics and Market

Tjibbe Bouma, Ivan Olivella

COORDINATOR. Robotics, informatics and social
 UPC TEAM
 A. Sanfeliu, A. Puig-Pey, A. Grau, Y. Bolea, J. Casanovas,
 H. Martinez
 SUPPORT TEAM M. Neitz, F. Pepponi (TUM). Geoff Pegman,
 Franziska Kirstein and BOR Team



WP 5 – PDTI Urban. ARSI Main Conclusions

- The aerial team has developed a solution with a high commercialization potential
- Technical outcomes:
 - The final platform design flies in the sewer doing inspection, but it not yet suitable to be transferred to market at the present stage
 - The technical innovations have been in the platform, perception systems and inspection software.
 - ARSI's software can be taken as a stand-alone solution and commercialized for service providers.
- New steps:
 - Look for hardware solutions oriented to specific types of inspection areas and inspection tasks





WP 5 – PDTI Urban. SIAR Main Conclusions

- The SIAR team has developed a solution very close to commercialization that can be applied to sewer, tunnels, and other type of inspections
- The final cost is lower than expected and can reach 0,2€/m (BCASA cost is 0,5€/m)
- Technical outcomes:
 - The final platform design it is very mature, robust and reliable. It works very well in most of the sewers trials.
 - The technical innovations have been in the platform, autonomy, communications, perception systems and inspection software.
 - SIAR's software it is very good from the technical point of view, but it needs further refinements for the service providers
- Next steps:

Continue doing trials with the customers





WP 5 – PDTI Urban. SIAR & ARSI Main Conclusions

SIAR & ARSI

- Technology of both consortia that can be already commercialized:
 - software service provider,
 - wireless communications,
 - sensor developments,
 - data handling and analysis,
 - robotic platforms.







Lessons learned in PDTI

- Phase 0 is a very important part of the PDTI process, it requires to have clear ideas to help the public bodies to look for proposals that can be solved with robotic technologies
- **To succeed in the robotic solution**, the research and technological team has to guide in the different development phases
- The challenges have to be broken down in achievable goals, because to try to solve the complete challenges can drive a unsuccessful PDTI project
- If the challenge is enough narrowed then a TRL9 can be achieved, otherwise it will require additional funding to achieve the final product
- How to commercialize a PDTI product may require to look for different market solutions that are difficult to understand when a PDTI starts



Use of expertise gained in the future

- The PDTI expertise have been already transferred in new European projects
- The knowledge acquired in the PDTI process can be used in diverse areas:
 - The PDTI methodology in the new PCPs
 - The technical knowledge of the challenges can be transferred to new projects and areas
- The great human relationship will always be maintained



Thank you for your attention!

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